

Databases

Practice #2 - Oracle SQLPLUS

Practice objective

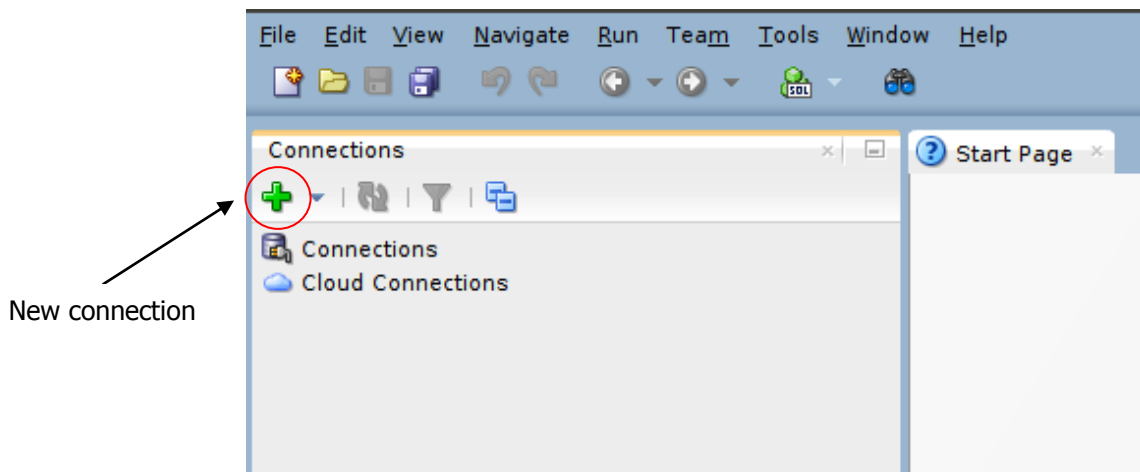
Write some SQL queries on a Oracle database.

Connection to the Oracle database

The SQL queries are executed through the SQL Developer software.

1) **Connection to the database**

- Launch Oracle SQL Developer
- Click on New connection



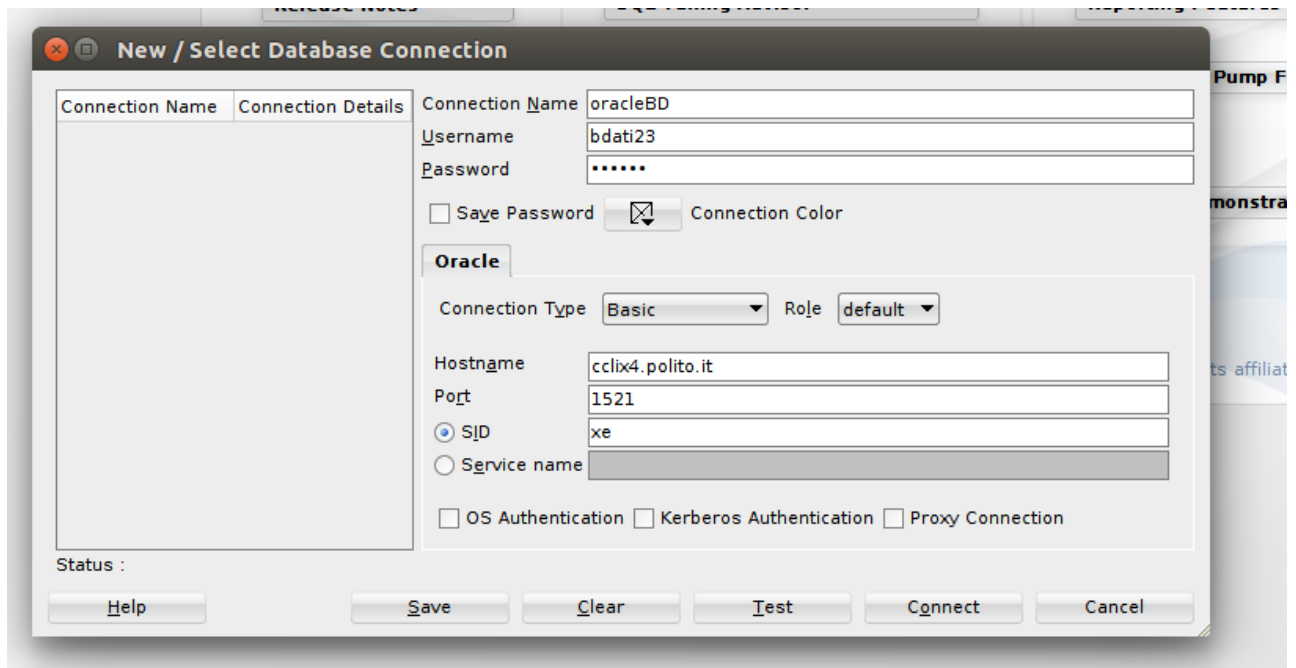
2) **Login**

To login, you have to insert the following parameters:

- Connection name: oracleBD
- Username: bdatiXY
 - XY are the last two digits of the PC number you are using
- Password: oracXY
 - XY are the last two digits of the PC number you are using
- Hostname: cclix4.polito.it
- Port: 1521
- SID: xe

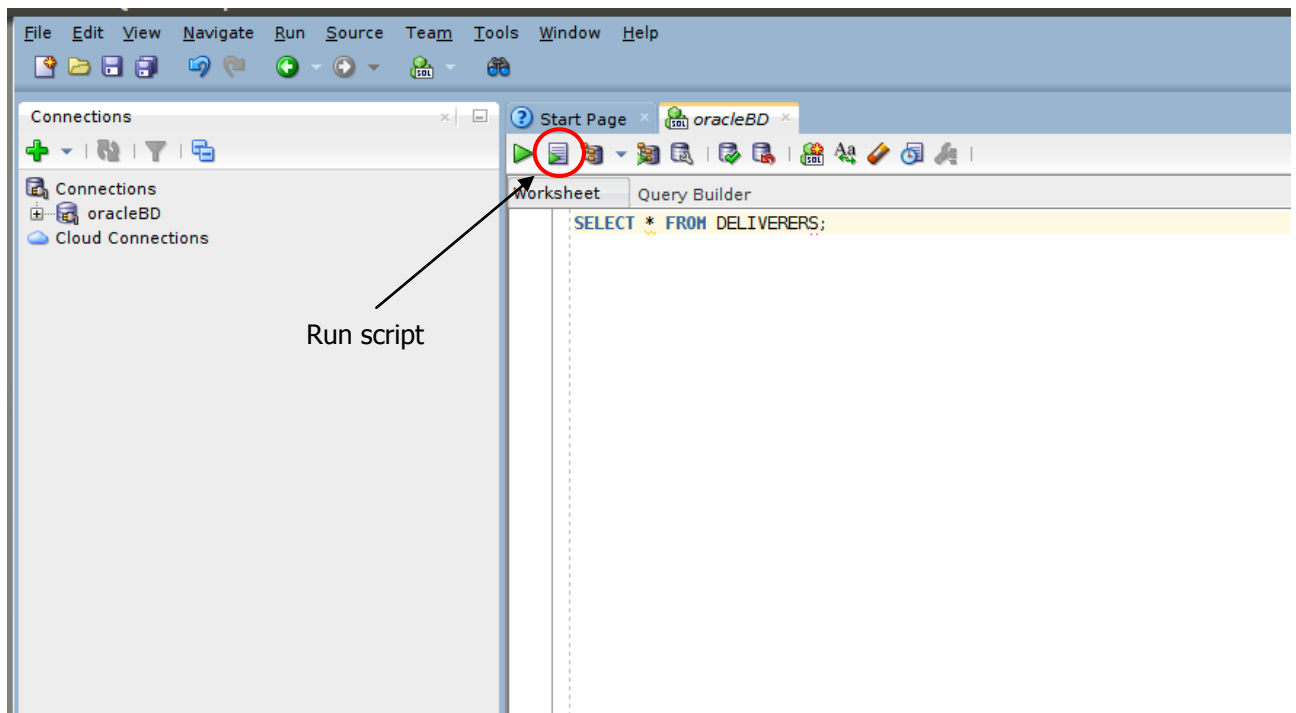
For example, if you are working on pc number 23, the corresponding username is bdati23 and the password is orac23.

N.B.: if you are working on pc numbers [01, ..., 09], DON'T use the "0" in the usernames/passwords: user=[bdati1, ..., bdati9] and pass=[orac1, ..., orac9].



Write and execute SQL queries

Write the SQL query in the Worksheet and execute it by clicking on the “Run script” button.



1. Description of the *Delivery* database

The Delivery database gathers information about the activities of a firm delivering and collecting goods for various customer companies.

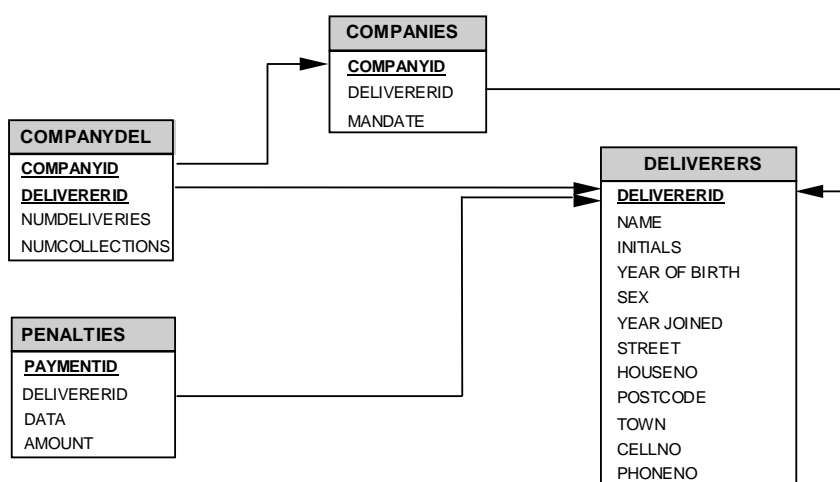
The DELIVERERS table contains the personal data for the deliverers working at the firm. For each deliverer, the following information is available: identification code (DELIVERERID), last name, first name initials, year of birth, sex, year when she/he began working for the firm, street, house number, city, residence postal code, cellular phone number, and office phone number.

The COMPANIES table reports, for each customer company, the company identification code (CompanyID) and the identification code of the deliverer who is the company's current reference person. In addition, it reports the number of times (MANDATE) the deliverer held this position.

The COMPANYDEL table reports the total number of good deliveries (NUMDELIVERIES) and collections (NUMCOLLECTIONS) made by each deliverer for each customer company. Note that the table only reports the deliverer-company pairs such that the deliverer performed at least one delivery or collection for the company.

The PENALTIES table reports the fines received by each deliverer. For each fine, the fine code (PENALTYID), the deliverer code, the fine date, and amount to be paid are stored.

The database schema is shown in the subsequent figure. Next Section 2 reports the table instance.



2. Table instance for the *Delivery* database

The primary key is underlined. Optional attributes are denoted with *.

DELIVERERS table

<u>DELIVERERID</u>	NAME	INITIALS	YEAR_OF_BIRTH	SEX	YEAR JOINED	STREET	HOUSENO	POSTCODE	TOWN	CELLNO	PHONENO*
2	Everett	R	1948	M	1975	Stoney Road	43	3575NH	Stratford	070-237893	2411
6	Parmenter	R	1964	M	1977	Haseltine Lane	80	1234KK	Stratford	070-476537	8467
7	Wise	GWS	1963	M	1981	Edgecombe Way	39	9758VB	Stratford	070-347689	NULL
8	Newcastle	B	1962	F	1980	Station Road	4	6584WO	Inglewood	070-476573	2983
27	Collins	DD	1964	F	1983	Long Drive	804	8457DK	Eltham	079-234857	2513
28	Collins	C	1963	F	1983	Old main Road	10	1294QK	Midhurst	010-659599	NULL
39	Bishop	D	1956	M	1980	Eaton Square	78	9629CD	Stratford	070-393435	NULL
44	Baker	E	1963	M	1980	Lewis Street	23	4444LJ	Inglewood	070-368753	1124
57	Brown	M	1971	M	1985	Edgecombe Way	16	4377CB	Stratford	070-473458	6409
83	Hope	PK	1956	M	1982	Magdalene Road	16a	1812UP	Stratford	070-353548	1608
95	Miller	P	1934	M	1972	High Street	33a	5746OP	Douglas	070-867564	NULL
100	Parmenter	P	1963	M	1979	Haseltine Lane	80	1234KK	Stratford	070-476537	6524
104	Moorman	D	1970	F	1984	Stout Street	65	9437AO	Eltham	079-987571	7060
112	Bailey	IP	1963	F	1984	Vixen Road	8	6392LK	Plymouth	010-54874	1319

COMPANYDEL table

<u>COMPANYID</u>	<u>DELIVERERID</u>	NUMDELIVERIES	NUMCOLLECTIONS
1	2	4	8
1	6	9	1
1	8	0	1
1	44	7	5
1	57	5	0
1	83	3	3
2	8	4	4
2	27	11	2
2	104	8	4
2	112	4	8

Tabella **PENALTIES**

<u>PAYMENTID</u>	<u>DELIVERERID</u>	DATA	AMOUNT
1	6	12/08/1980	100
2	44	05/05/1981	75
3	27	10/09/1983	100
4	104	08/12/1984	50
5	44	08/12/1980	25
6	8	08/12/1980	25
7	44	30/12/1982	30
8	27	12/11/1984	75

COMPANIES table

<u>COMPANYID</u>	<u>DELIVERERID</u>	MANDATE
1	6	first
2	27	second

3. SQL Queries

1. Find the identification codes, the names and the initials (attribute INITIALS) of the deliverers that have never been fined.
2. Find the identification codes of all deliverers that have received at least one 25-Euro fine and at least one 30-Euro fine.
3. Find the identification codes and the names of the deliverers who have received more than one fine on the same date.
4. Find the identification codes of the deliverers that have serviced requests from *all* of the firms in table COMPANIES (N.B. A deliverer has serviced a request from a firm if he/she has delivered/collected parcels to/from the firm at least once).
5. Find the identification codes of the deliverers who have delivered (or collected) parcels to (from) at least one firm where deliverer no. 57 has delivered or collected parcels.
6. Find the identification codes and the names of the deliverers whose number of fines received in 1980¹ is greater than the number of fines received in 1981 (by the same deliverer).
7. Find the identification code of the deliverer who has received the highest number of fines.
8. Find the identification codes of the deliverers who have delivered (or collected) parcels to (from) *all* of the firms in which deliverer no. 57 has delivered or collected parcels.
9. Find the identification codes of the deliverers who have *only* delivered (or collected) parcels to (from) firms in which deliverer no. 57 has delivered or collected parcels.
10. Find the identification codes of the deliverers who have delivered (or collected) parcels to (from) *all* of the firms in which deliverer no. 57 has delivered or collected parcels, and *only* to (from) such firms (i.e., to/from no other firms than those visited by deliverer no. 57).

¹ In Oracle, dates can be expressed using the TO_DATE function, which allows specifying both the date and the format used to represent it. For example, to require that the date (i.e., attribute Data) is equal to 8 December 1980, the condition DATA = TO_DATE('08/12/1980','DD/MM/YYYY') should be specified in the WHERE clause of the query.