



### Q1-2-3

```
SELECT
    ST.Trimester, ST.Semester, ST.Year, IC.Category, C.Province, C.Region, SUM(Amount)
FROM
    SALES S, SALE_TIME ST, ITEM_CATEGORY IC, CUSTOMERS C
WHERE
    S.CodST = ST.CodST AND S.CodC = C.CodC AND S.CodIC = IC.CodIC
GROUP BY
    ST.Trimester, ST.Semester, ST.Year, IC.Category, C.Province, C.Region;
```

Maximum cardinality of the materialized view:

- 4 trimesters x 10 item categories x 100 provinces  $\approx 4000 \ll 12 \times 10^6 \rightarrow$  benefit

### Q4

```
SELECT
    IC.Category, TO.SaleSeason, C.Province, SUM(Price)
FROM
    ORDERS O, ITEM_CATEGORY IC, ORDER_TIME OT, CUSTOMERS C
WHERE
    O.CodIC = IC.CodIC AND O.CodOT = OT.CodOT AND O.CodC = C.CodC
GROUP BY
    IC.Category, OT.SaleSeason, C.Province;
```

Maximum cardinality of the materialized view:

- 10 item categories x 2 sale seasons x 100 provinces  $\approx 2000 \ll 360 \times 10^6 \rightarrow$  benefit

### Q5

```
SELECT
    OT.Month,
    OT.Year,
    IC.Category,
    C.Region,
    SUM(DeliveryTime)/SUM(NumberOfItems) as AVERAGE_DELIVERY_TIME
FROM
    ORDERS O,
    ORDER_TIME OT,
    ITEM_CATEGORY IC,
    CUSTOMERS C
WHERE
    O.CodOT = OT.CodOT AND
    O.CodIC = IC.CodIC AND
    O.CodC = C.CodC
GROUP BY
    OT.Month, OT.Year, IC.Category, C.Region;
```

Maximum cardinality of the materialized view:

- 1 year x 12 months x 10 item categories x 30 regions  $\approx 3000 \ll 360 \times 10^6 \rightarrow$  benefit